SUPER STRUCTURE & SUB STRUCTURE
SUPER STRUCTURE:

A superstructure is an upward extension of an existing structure above a baseline. This term is applied to various kinds of physical structures such as buildings, bridges, or ships. The word "superstructure" is a combination of the Latin prefix, super, (meaning above, in addition) with the Latin stem word, structure, (meaning to build or to heap up).
SUB STRUCTURE:

subset of super structure.
SUPER STRUCTURE:

Building

SUB STRUCTURE

Columns
Beams
Slabs

Walls
Windows
Doors
Flooring
Ceiling
SUPER STRUCTURE:

Building:

Load Bearing:

A load-bearing wall (or bearing wall) is a wall that bears a load resting upon it by conducting its weight to a foundation structure. The materials most often used to construct load-bearing walls in large buildings are concrete, block, or brick.

Structure:

In architecture, a structure is a body or assemblage of bodies in space to form a system capable of supporting loads. Built structures are composed of structural elements such as columns, beams and trusses.

Physical structures include man-made and natural arrangements. Buildings, aircraft, soap films, skeletons, anthills, beaver dams and salt domes are all examples of physical structures.
SUPER STRUCTURE:

Building:

Load Bearing:

A load-bearing wall (or bearing wall) is a wall that bears a load resting upon it by conducting its weight to a foundation structure. The materials most often used to construct load-bearing walls in large buildings are concrete, block, brick or wood.
SUPER STRUCTURE:

Building:

Structure:

In architecture, a structure is a body or assemblage of bodies in space to form a system capable of supporting loads. Built structures are composed of structural elements such as columns, beams and trusses.
SUPER STRUCTURE:

Building:

Column:

A column or pillar in architecture is a vertical structural element that transmits, through compression, the weight of the structure above to other structural elements below.
SUPER STRUCTURE:

Building:

Beam:

A beam is a horizontal structural element that is capable of withstanding load primarily by resisting bending.
SUPER STRUCTURE:

Building:

Floor:

A floor is the walking surface of a room or vehicle. Floors vary from simple dirt in a cave to many-layered surfaces using modern technology. Floors may be stone, wood, bamboo, metal, or any other material that can hold a person's weight.
SUPER STRUCTURE:

Building:

Floor:

Connecting the wall and the flooring
SUPER STRUCTURE:

Building:

Floor:

Materials
SUPER STRUCTURE:

Building:

Floor:

Details